Amendment to the Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

Listing of Claims.

Claims 1-5 (cancelled)

- 6. (new) A method of minimizing the effects on the performance of a given RF radiating/receiving element due to its use with differing incumbent metallic infrastructures, comprising the step of placing a first metallic structure physically closer to a first RF radiating/receiving element than the incumbent metallic infrastructure is.
- 7. (new) The method of claim 6, wherein said placed first metallic structure is RF radiating/receiving material and the first RF radiating/receiving element is a slot formed from said material, thereby forming a first slot antenna.
- 8. (new) The method of claim 7, comprising the additional step of placing a second metallic structure physically closer to a second RF radiating/receiving element than the incumbent metallic infrastructure is, wherein said placed second metallic structure is RF radiating/receiving material and the second RF radiating/receiving element is a slot formed from said material, thereby forming a second slot antenna.
- 9. (new) The method of claim 8, wherein said placing of first and second metallic structures is performed to effect cooperative RF performance of said first and second antennas.
- 10. (new) The method of claim 9, wherein the cooperative performance is achieved by locating said first and second antennas so that the dominant null of the RF radiating/receiving element of one antenna is mitigated by the RF radiating/receiving element of the other antenna.

- 11. (new) The method of claim 10, wherein the incumbent metallic infrastructure is that of a conventional resource-measuring meter.
- 12. (new) The method of claim 6, wherein the incumbent metallic infrastructure is that of a conventional resource-measuring meter.
- 13. (new) The method of claim 6, wherein said placing of a first metallic structure includes (a) the supporting of said first metallic structure with a supporter having dielectric properties that do not adversely affect the performance of said first RF radiating/receiving element and (b) the shaping of said supporter to maximize the amount of surface space for supporting said first metallic structure.
- 14. (new) A method of retrofitting a conventional resource-measuring unit having incumbent metallic infrastructure, with RF telemetry functionality, comprising the steps of:
- (a) providing RF functionality with a first RF radiating/receiving element; and
- (b) placing a first metallic structure physically closer to said first RF radiating/receiving element than the incumbent metallic infrastructure is.
- 15. (new) The method of claim 14, wherein said placed first metallic structure is radiating/receiving material and said first RF radiating/receiving element is a slot formed from said material, thereby forming a first slot antenna.
- 16. (new) The method of claim 15, further comprising the step of:
- (c) placing a second metallic structure physically closer to said second RF radiating/receiving element than the incumbent metallic infrastructure is.

- 17. (new) The method of claim 16, wherein said placed second metallic structure is radiating/receiving material and said second RF radiating/receiving element is a slot formed from said material, thereby forming a second slot antenna.
- 18. (new) The method of claim 17, wherein said RF functionality activates one or the other of, or both, said first and second slot antennas.
- 19. (new) An RF telemetry unit comprising:
- (a) incumbent metallic infrastructure;
- (b) a first RF radiating/receiving element;
- (¢) a first metallic structure placed physically closer to said first RF radiating/receiving element than the incumbent metallic infrastructure is.
- 20. (new) The unit of claim 19, wherein said first metallic structure is RF radiating/receiving material and said first RF radiating/receiving element is a slot formed from said material, thereby forming a first slot antenna.
- 21. (new) The unit of claim 20, further comprising:
- (d) a second RF radiating/receiving element;
- (e) a second metallic structure placed physically closer to said second RF radiating/receiving element than the incumbent metallic infrastructure is, wherein, wherein placed second metallic structure is RF radiating/receiving material and said second RF radiating/receiving element is a slot formed from said material, thereby forming a second slot antenna.
- 22. (new) The unit of claim 21, wherein said first and second metallic structures are located to effect cooperative RF performance of said first and second antennas.

- 23. (new) The unit of claim 22, wherein the cooperative performance is achieved by locating said first and second antennas so that the dominant null of the radiating/receiving element of one antenna is mitigated by the radiating/receiving element of the other antenna.
- 24. (new) The unit of claim 19, wherein the incumbent metallic infrastructure is that of a conventional resource-measuring meter.
- 25. (new) The unit of claim 20, wherein the meter has a cover and said first antenna is located under said cover.
- 26. (new) The unit of claim 21, wherein the first metallic structure includes a supporter therefor, having dielectric properties that do not adversely affect the performance of the radiating/receiving element, and the supporter is shaped to maximize the amount of surface space available for supporting said first metallic structure.